

Docket No.: 52467-081

UTILITY PATENT APPLICATION
UNDER 37 CFR 1.53(b)

1c843 U.S. PTO
09/586797
06/05/00

Box PATENT APPLICATION
Assistant Commissioner for Patents
Washington, DC 20231
Sir:

Transmitted herewith for filing is the patent application of:

INVENTOR: Yun Hyung YI
FOR: A SURFACE MOUNTING APPARATUS AND A SURFACE MOUNTING
METHOD

Enclosed are:

- ☒ 21 pages of specification, claims, abstract.
- ☒ Declaration and Power of Attorney.
- ☒ Priority Claimed.
- ☒ Certified copy of Korean Patent Application No. 1999-36866
- ☒ 7 sheets of formal drawing.
- ☒ An assignment of the invention to MIRAE CORPORATION
and the assignment recordation fee.
- ☐ An associate power of attorney.
- ☒ A verified statement to establish small entity status under 37 CFR 1.9 and 37 CFR 1.27.
- ☐ Information Disclosure Statement, Form PTO-1449 and reference.
- ☒ Return Receipt Postcard
- ☐

The filing fee has been calculated as shown below:

	NO. OF CLAIMS		EXTRA CLAIMS	RATE	AMOUNT
Total Claims	12	-20	0	\$18.00	\$0.00
Independent Claims	5	-3	2	\$78.00	\$156.00
Multiple Dependent Claim(s)					\$0.00
Basic Fee					\$690.00
Total of Above Calculations					\$846.00
Less ½ for Small Entity					\$423.00
Assignment & Recording Fee					\$40.00
Total Fee					\$463.00

- ☒ Please charge my Deposit Account No. 500417 in the amount of \$463.00. A duplicate copy of this sheet is enclosed.
- ☒ The Commissioner is hereby authorized to charge payment of the following fees associated with this communication or credit any overpayment to Deposit Account No. 500417. A duplicate copy is enclosed.
- ☒ Any additional filing fees required under 37 CFR 1.16.
- ☒ The Commissioner is hereby authorized to charge payment of the following fees during the pendency of this application or credit any overpayment to Deposit Account No. 500417. A duplicate copy of this sheet is enclosed.
- ☒ Any patent application processing fees under 37 CFR 1.17.
- ☒ Any filing fees under 37 CFR 1.16 for presentation of extra claims.

Respectfully submitted,

MCDERMOTT, WILL & EMERY



Robert L. Price

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Date: June 5, 2000
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005000 26/03/00

Docket No.: 52467-081

PATENT

IN THE UNITED STATES PATENT AND TRADEMARK OFFICE

In re Application of :
Yun Hyung YI :
Serial No.: : Group Art Unit:
Filed: June 05, 2000 : Examiner:
For: A SURFACE MOUNTING APPARATUS AND A SURFACE MOUNTING
METHOD

TRANSMITTAL OF VERIFIED STATEMENT
CLAIMING SMALL ENTITY STATUS

Honorable Commissioner of
Patents and Trademarks
Washington, DC 20231

Sir:

Transmitted herewith for filing in the above referenced application is the following:

VERIFIED STATEMENT CLAIMING SMALL ENTITY STATUS –
SMALL BUSINESS CONCERN

Respectfully submitted,

MCDERMOTT, WILL & EMERY



Robert L. Price

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(202) 756-8000 RLP:klm
Date: June 5, 2000
Facsimile: (202) 756-8087

005090 756797 050500

Serial or Patent No. _____
Filed or Issued: _____
For: _____

VERIFIED STATEMENT (DECLARATION) CLAIMING SMALL ENTITY STATUS
(37 CFR 1.9(f) and 1.27(c)) - SMALL BUSINESS CONCERN

I hereby declare that I am

- ☐ the owner of the small business concern identified below
☒ an official of the small business concern empowered to act on behalf of the concern identified below:

NAME OF ORGANIZATION: MIRAE CORPORATION

ADDRESS OF ORGANIZATION: 9-2 Chaam-dong, Chunan-si, Choongchungnam-do, Korea

I hereby declare that the above identified small business concern qualified as a small business concern as defined in 13 CFR 121.3-18 and reproduced in 37 CFR 1.9(d), for purposes of paying reduced fees under section 41(a) and (b) of Title 35, United States Code. In the number of employees of the concern, including those of its affiliates, does not exceed 500 persons. For purposes of this statement (1) the number of employees of the business concern is the average over the previous fiscal year of the concern of the persons employed on a full-time, part-time or temporary basis during each of the pay periods of the fiscal year, and (2) concerns are affiliates of each other when either, directly or indirectly, one concern controls or has the power to control the other, or a third party or parties controls or has the power to control both.

I hereby declare that rights under contract or law have been conveyed to and remain with the small business concern identified above with regard to the invention, entitled A SURFACE MOUNTING APPARATUS AND A SURFACE MOUNTING METHOD by inventor(s) described in

- ☒ the specification filed herewith.
☐ application Serial No. _____, filed _____
☐ patent no. _____, issued _____

If the rights held by the above identified small business concern are not exclusive, each individual, concern or organization having right to the invention is listed below* and no rights to the invention are held by any person, other than the inventor, who could not qualify as an independent inventor under 37 CFR 1.9(c) if that person made the invention, or by any concern which would not qualify as a small business concern under 37 CFR 1.9(d) or a nonprofit organization under 37 CFR 1.9(e). *NOTE. Separate verified statements are required from each named person, concern or organization having rights to the invention availing to their status as small entities. (37 CFR 1.27)

NAME _____
ADDRESS _____
☐ INDIVIDUAL ☐ SMALL BUSINESS CONCERN ☐ NONPROFIT ORGANIZATION

NAME _____
ADDRESS _____
☐ INDIVIDUAL ☐ SMALL BUSINESS CONCERN ☐ NONPROFIT ORGANIZATION

I acknowledge the duty to file, in this application or patent, notification of any change in status resulting in loss of entitlement to small entity status prior to paying, or at the time of paying, the earliest of the issue fee or any maintenance fee due after the date on which status as a small entity is no longer appropriate. (37 CFR 1.28(b))

I hereby declare that all statements made herein of my own knowledge are true and that all statements made on information and belief are believed to be true; and further that these statements were made with the knowledge that willful false statements and the like so made are punishable by fine or imprisonment, or both, under section 1001 of Title 18 of the United States Code, and that such willful false statements may jeopardize the validity of the application, any patent issuing thereon, or any patent to which this verified statement is directed.

NAME OF PERSON SIGNING: Moon Soul CHUNG
TITLE IN ORGANIZATION: President
ADDRESS OF PERSON SIGNING: 9-2 Chaam-dong, Chunan-si, Choongchungnam-do, Korea
SIGNATURE: Moon Soul Chung
DATE: December 24, 1999

A surface mounting apparatus and a surface mounting method

BACKGROUND OF THE INVENTION

1. Field of the Invention

The present invention relates to a surface mounting apparatus, and more particularly to a surface mounting apparatus and a surface mounting method capable of holding a plurality of components at a time by head units coupled to a plurality of Y-frames and then mounting the same on a printed circuit board.

2. Description of the Conventional Art

A conventional surface mounting apparatus is structured to recognize the patterns of the electronic components by the image processing to determine the positioning of the components and then to mount the components at the positions determined on a printed circuit board (PCB).

As the above-described apparatus, there is known a surface mounting apparatus as shown in Fig. 1. As shown in Fig. 1, the surface mounting apparatus 1 consists of an XY frame 2, a head unit 3 supported to be moved in the X and Y directions by the XY frame 2, a component feeder 4 for supplying the electronic components 8, a position determining unit 5, and a conveyer 7

carrying the PCB 6. Further, the XY frame 2 consists of an X frame 2b and Y frames 2a.

In case the electronic components 8 are mounted on the PCB 6 being carried by the conveyer 7, the operation of the surface mounting apparatus thus constructed is as follows. Namely, when the XY frame 2 is driven by a driving means (not shown), the head unit 3 is moved to a position on a predetermined piece of electronic component 8 placed on the component feeder 4. A suction means connected to a suction nozzle 3a of the head unit 3 is then operated, so that the suction nozzle 3a vacuum sucks the electronic component 8 to hold it. The suction nozzle 3a is adapted to hold and support the electronic component 8 in the mounting direction of the component 8 on the PCB 6.

The XY frame 2 is driven by a driving means (not shown) to be moved to a position on the position determining unit 5. There are disposed the electronic components 8 within a view field of an image capturing means at the mounting direction described above.

The head unit 3 is moved to a position determined by the position determining unit 5 over the PCB 6 which is transferred to the mounting position by the conveyer 7. Thus, the electronic component 8 held by the suction nozzle 3a of the head unit 3 is mounted on the PCB 6. It is noted that the suction nozzle 3a of the head unit 3 releases the vacuum sucked electronic component

8 when the suction means becomes inactivated. By such an operation, a piece of electronic component 8 can be mounted on the PCB 6.

In order for the electronic component sucked by the nozzle to be placed on the PCB, although a plurality of suction nozzles installed at the XY frame are provided, the conventional surface mounting apparatus having the above-mentioned structure places individually one by one the sucked components on the PCB, through the movement of the XY frame.

In consequence, since the prior art performs the placing of the electronic components on the PCB one by one, the mounting speed is reduced, thus resulting in the reduction of productivity. In case of a large size of the XY frame, this type of XY frame cannot meet both the component mounting speed and the accuracy thereof.

SUMMARY OF THE INVENTION

Therefore, an object of the present invention is to provide a surface mounting apparatus and a surface mounting method, by which electronic components are accurately mounted on a printed circuit board adapted to be freely moved within a work area, by using a plurality of Y-frames each being formed in a stripe shape and which are movable in a predetermined direction.

Another object of the present invention is to provide a surface mounting apparatus and a surface mounting method which enables simultaneously picking up and placing a plurality of electronic components on a printed circuit board within respective work areas.

To accomplish the above objects according to the present invention, there is provided a surface mounting apparatus comprising: a pair of fixed frames; another frames which correspond to said pair, the number of said another frames including at least more than one compared with that of said fixed frames. Moreover, the surface mounting apparatus according to the present invention comprises: a moving member movable freely in a predetermined direction, and on which a printed circuit board is seated; a plurality of fixed X-frames; a plurality pairs of Y-frames installed with respect to the X-frames, each of Y-frames being formed in a stripe shape; head units installed at predetermined places of the Y-frames; and a plurality of vision units installed at predetermined places with a predetermined spacing between the X-frame and the vision unit.

According to another aspect of the present invention, there is also provided a method for surface mounting electronic components on PCB, the method comprising the steps of: providing the PCB from a conveyor to a moving member; moving the PCB to predetermined place; head units holding electronic

components; identifying if the head units accurately hold the electronic components; holding the electronic components again, if the electronic components are not held accurately; mounting the electronic components on the PCB, if the electronic components are held accurately; confirming whether or not predefined movement routes are completed; and discharging the PCB, if the predefined movement routes are completed.

According to still another aspect of the present invention, there is provided a surface mounting apparatus comprising: at least one or more conveyers for carrying a PCB; a PCB distribution unit for distributing the PCB carried from the conveyers to predetermined places; a plurality of fixed X-frames; a plurality of Y-frame pairs installed with respect to the X-frames, each Y-frame being formed in a stripe shape; a head unit installed at predetermined place of the Y-frame; a PCB recovery unit for recovering the PCB; a plurality of vision units installed at predetermined places, spaced apart at a predetermined spacing therebetween; and at least one or more feeders for supplying the electronic components. The surface mounting method according to the present invention comprises the steps of: providing the PCB from a first conveyer to a moving member; transferring the PCB from the first conveyer to the second conveyer using a PCB distribution unit; respective head units holding respective electronic components from first and second component feeders;

identifying if each of the head units accurately holds the electronic component; holding the electronic components again, if the electronic components are not held accurately; and mounting the electronic components on the PCB, if the electronic components are held accurately; moving the PCB by a determined distance; confirming if a predefined movement route has been completed; moving the PCB from the second conveyer to the first conveyer using a PCB recovery unit; discharging the PCB so that the PCB transferred from the second conveyer does not interfere with another PCB transferred from the first conveyer.

According to the present invention, the surface mounting apparatus is advantageously provided in which a plurality of Y-frames each being formed in a strip shape, are provided to hold lots of components at a time, and after confirming them by the vision unit, the plural components are mounted on the PCB. The surface mounting of plural components at a time reduces overall operation time, thus resulting in an improvement of overall productivity. Further, an advantage is also provided in that difference between the productivity estimated at optimal conditions and the practical productivity can be significantly reduced.

BRIEF DESCRIPTION OF THE DRAWINGS

Fig. 1 shows a schematical perspective view of a conventional surface mounting apparatus.

Fig. 2 shows a schematical perspective view of a surface mounting apparatus according to the present invention.

Fig. 3 is a plan view of the surface mounting apparatus shown in Fig. 2.

Fig. 4 is a flow chart explaining a method for surface mounting by using the surface mounting apparatus according to the present invention.

Fig. 5 shows a plan view illustrating another embodiment of the present invention.

Figs. 6a and 6b are flow-charts for explaining the surface mounting method according to the present invention.

DETAILED DESCRIPTION OF THE INVENTION

The details of the preferred embodiment in accordance with the present invention will be described below, with reference to the accompanying drawings.

Fig. 2 schematically shows perspective view of a surface mounting apparatus according to the present invention, Fig. 3 is a plan view of the surface mounting apparatus shown in Fig. 2, and Fig. 4 is a flow chart explaining a method for surface mounting by using the surface mounting apparatus according to

the present invention.

As shown in Figs. 2 and 3, the surface mounting apparatus according to the present invention includes a moving member 20 on which a PCB 12 carried by a conveyer 10 is seated. Further, the moving member 20 is adapted to be freely moved in a predetermined direction within a work area WP. That is, the moving member 20 acts like a small gantry movable in the predetermined direction, which may be implemented by, for example, a linear motor, a surface motor, or the like. Moreover, the surface mounting apparatus according to the present invention has a pair of X-frames 30 fixedly installed at a predetermined spacing. In relation to the X-frames 30, there are provided a plurality of Y-frames 40, each being formed in a stripe shape. It is noted that the reverse installation of X-frame 30 and Y-frames 40 may be also possible.

A head unit 50 is installed at a predetermined place of the Y-frame 40, and can be moved along a longitudinal direction of the Y-frame 40. It is preferable to install one head unit, but in some cases, a plurality of head units may be provided. Further, a plurality of Y-frames 40 can be moved by predetermined distances along a longitudinal direction of X-frame 30. As shown in Fig. 3, the Y-frame 40 may be designed in such a manner that a width thereof becomes gradually narrower towards a lower end portion 42 of the Y-frame 40 and a length thereof can be

adjusted, in order to prevent an overlapping of two adjacent head units. Further, if the Y-frame 40 is to be configured only in a stripe shape, the overlapping can be avoided by the head unit 50 installed to slightly project from one side of the stripe. A plurality of vision units 60 are installed to be spaced apart from the X-frame 30. The vision units 60 are used to identify whether each of the head units 50 properly holds the electronic component or not, as well as an aligning status of the electronic components. The vision units 60 can be implemented by a charge coupled device (CCD) in accordance with the present embodiment.

In the meantime, the PCB 12 carried by the conveyer 10 can be freely moved within the work area WP. Further, the moving member 20 which the PCB 12 is seated thereon is moved through the predefined movement route within the work area WP, for example, in a direction of the arrow in Fig. 3. The movement route is to be previously defined by the user, and can thus be varied by the user as necessary.

In Fig. 3, two-dotted chain lines longitudinally drawn at both upper and lower ends of the work area WP, respectively, denote picking positions PP at which the electronic components are picked up.

The operation of the surface mounting apparatus will be described.

At first, the PCB 12 carried by the conveyer 10 is seated

on the moving member 20. The moving member 20 carrying the PCB 12, which can be moved in predetermined direction, is then moved in a direction set by the user. For example, assuming that left lower point is taken as reference point in Fig. 3, if the PCB 12 is moved toward the left lower point, the head units 50 coupled to a plurality of Y-frames 40 hold the electronic components, and the components are then mounted on the PCB 12 after a vision unit 60 identifies the electronic components. As the PCB 12 moves in a direction, 1->2->3->4, indicated by the arrow in Fig. 3, the head units 50 coupled to the Y-frames 50 also move corresponding thereto, thereby sequentially mounting the electronic components on the PCB 12 after being identified by the vision units 60.

Since the dimension of the Y-frame 40 can be adjusted in consideration of the dimension of the PCB 12 and moving speed thereof, further for the purpose of avoiding the overlapping between heads 50, the Y-frame 40 facilitates the mounting operations. It is noted that although the Y-frames 40 are arranged in one or two columns as in Fig. 3, the plural columns of the Y-frames may be arranged.

Next, the present invention also provides a method for surface mounting electronic components on a printed circuit board, the method comprising the steps of: providing the PCB 12 from a conveyer 10 to a moving member 20; moving the PCB to

predetermined place; head units 50 holding electronic components; identifying if the head units 50 hold the electronic components; holding the electronic components again, if the electronic components are not held accurately, and mounting the electronic components on the PCB, if the electronic components are held accurately; confirming whether or not predefined movement routes are completed; and discharging the PCB 12, if the predefined movement routes are completed.

Fig. 5 shows a plan view illustrating another embodiment of the present invention, and Figs. 6a and 6b are flow-charts for explaining the surface mounting method according to the present invention.

According to another embodiment of the surface mounting apparatus of the present invention, there are provided first and second conveyers 70, 72 within a work area WP, as shown in Fig. 5. Also, the present embodiment is structured in such a manner that the PCB 12 seated on the moving member 20 positioned on the first conveyer 70 is delivered from the first conveyer 70 to the second conveyer 72 by using a PCB distribution unit 80.

The PCB 12 delivered from the first conveyer 70 is seated on the moving member 20. Then, the head unit 50 receives the electronic components from a first component feeder 100 to mount the same on PCB. Thereafter, the head unit 50 moves by a predetermined distance for receiving the electronic component

from a second component feeder 110, to mount it on PCB.

The PCB distribution unit 80 may deliver the PCB placed on the first conveyer 70 to the second conveyer 72. Namely, the head unit 50 receives the electronic components from the second component feeder 110 to mount it on PCB transferred to the second conveyer 72. Thereafter, the head unit 50 moves by a predetermined distance for receiving the electronic component from the first component feeder 100, to mount it on PCB.

The PCB 12 having mounted all required components thereon is again moved to the first conveyer 70 by a PCB recovery unit 90, and finally exits from the first conveyer 70. It is noted that any overlap between the PCBs 12 on the first and second conveyers 70, 72 may be avoided by using, for example, a buffer (not shown).

For the second embodiment according to the present invention, in case of a small amount of work, only first conveyer 70 and its associated parts may be used in response to the user's demand, whereas in case of a large amount of work, both first and second conveyers 70, 72 may be used.

For example, in case of a small amount of work, after the PCB 12 fed from the first conveyer 70 is seated on the moving member 20, the head unit 50 attached at a predetermined place of the Y-frame 40 sequentially receives the electronic components from the first and second components feeders 100, 110 to mount them on the PCB 12, thereby finishing the surface mounting processes. In

other words, the second conveyer 72 may be dispensable.

However, the present embodiment of the invention generally uses both first and second conveyers 70, 72 to thereby reduce the process time by individual process for the PCB 12 without the overlapping processes for the PCBs 12. Thus, this results in an improvement of the throughput. Further, the PCBs 12 are continuously provided to the first conveyer 70 in a predetermined interval, and therefore a waste of extra time can be reduced.

On the other hand, the PCB distribution unit 80 and the PCB recovery unit 90 preferably maintain the same level as that of the moving member 20, and are preferable to be implemented by separate linear motor, surface motor, or the like.

According to another embodiment of the present invention, there is provided, as shown in Figs. 6a and 6b, a method for surface mounting electronic components on a PCB, the method comprising the steps of: providing the PCB 12 from a first conveyer 70 to a moving member 20; transferring the PCB 12 from the first conveyer 70 to the second conveyer 72 using a PCB distribution unit 80; respective head units 50 holding respective electronic components from first and second component feeders 100, 110; identifying if each of the head units 50 accurately holds the electronic component; holding the electronic components again, if the electronic components are

not held accurately; and mounting the electronic components on the PCB 12, if the electronic components are held accurately; moving the PCB 12 by a determined distance; confirming if a predefined movement route has been completed; moving the PCB 12 from the second conveyer 72 to the first conveyer 70 using a PCB recovery unit 90; discharging the PCB so that the PCB 12 transferred from the second conveyer 72 does not interfere with another PCB 12 transferred from the first conveyer 70.

In case the predefined movement routes are not yet completed, said step of holding respective electronic components from the first and second component feeders 100, 110 is again performed by the head unit. Also, to prevent an occurrence of interference between the PCBs 12, a buffer (not shown) may be used which enables the apparatus to operate with predetermined time interval. This makes it possible continued works.

According to the foregoing, an advantage is provided by the surface mounting apparatus according to the present invention in that a plurality of Y-frames, each being in a strip shape, are provided to hold lots of components at a time, and after confirming them by the vision unit, the plural components are mounted on the PCB. The surface mounting of plural components at a time reduces overall operation time, thus resulting in an improvement of overall productivity. Further, there is also

provided an advantage in that difference between the productivity estimated at optimal conditions and the practical productivity can be significantly reduced.

What is claimed is:

1. A surface mounting apparatus comprising:

a pair of fixed frames;

another frames which correspond to said pair, the number of said another frames including at least more than one compared with that of said fixed frames;

a moving member on which a printed circuit board is seated;

at least one or more head units installed at predetermined places of said another frames;

a vision unit for identifying holding and aligning status of electronic components; and

a component feeding unit for supplying the electronic components.

2. A surface mounting apparatus comprising:

a moving member movable freely in a predetermined direction, and on which a printed circuit board is seated;

a plurality of fixed X-frames;

a plurality pairs of Y-frames installed with respect to the X-frames, each of Y-frames being formed in a stripe shape;

head units installed at predetermined places of the Y-frames;

a plurality of vision units installed at predetermined places with a predetermined spacing between the X-frame and the vision unit; and

a component feeder for supplying the electronic components.

3. The apparatus as defined in claim 2, wherein a length of each of the Y-frames can be adjustable to prevent an overlap between the head units.

4. The apparatus as defined in claim 2, wherein the Y-frames are structured to be movable along the X-frames.

5. The apparatus as defined in claim 2, wherein the head unit is movable along the Y-frames, and wherein at least one or more head units are installed.

6. The apparatus as defined in claim 2, wherein the vision unit comprises at least one or more CCD cameras.

7. A method for surface mounting electronic components on a printed circuit board, the method comprising the steps of:

providing the PCB from a conveyor to a moving member;
moving the PCB to predetermined place;

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head units holding electronic components;

identifying if the head units accurately hold the electronic components;

holding the electronic components again, if the electronic components are not held accurately; mounting the electronic components on the PCB, if the electronic components are held accurately;

confirming whether or not predefined movement routes are completed; and

discharging the PCB, if the predefined movement routes are completed.

8. A surface mounting apparatus comprising:

at least one or more conveyers for carrying a PCB;

a PCB distribution unit for distributing the PCB carried from the conveyers to predetermined places;

a plurality of fixed X-frames;

a plurality of Y-frame pairs installed with respect to the X-frames, each Y-frame being formed in a stripe shape;

a head unit installed at predetermined place of the Y-frame

a PCB recovery unit for recovering the PCB;

a plurality of vision units installed at predetermined places, spaced apart at a predetermined spacing therebetween; and

at least one or more feeders for supplying the electronic components.

9. The apparatus as defined in claim 8, wherein the PCB distribution is structured in a manner that the PCB is moved from the first conveyer to the second conveyer.

10. The apparatus as defined in claim 8, wherein the PCB recovery apparatus is structured in a manner that the PCB is moved from the second conveyer to the first conveyer.

11. The apparatus as defined in claim 8, wherein said feeder comprises first and second feeders, the first and second feeders being alternatively installed.

12. A method for surface mounting electronic components on a printed circuit board, the method comprising the steps of:

providing the PCB from a first conveyer to a moving member;

transferring the PCB from the first conveyer to the second conveyer using a PCB distribution unit;

respective head units holding respective electronic components from first and second component feeders;

identifying if each of the head units accurately holds the electronic component;

holding the electronic components again, if the electronic components are not held accurately; and mounting the electronic components on the PCB, if the electronic components are held accurately;

moving the PCB by a determined distance;
confirming if a predefined movement route has been completed;

moving the PCB from the second conveyer to the first conveyer using a PCB recovery unit;

discharging the PCB so that the PCB transferred from the second conveyer dose not interfere with another PCB transferred from the first conveyer.

ABSTRACT

A surface mounting apparatus is disclosed in which a plurality of components are held at a time by head units coupled to a plurality of Y-frames and then mounted on a printed circuit board. The apparatus is featured in that the apparatus comprises a moving member movable freely in a predetermined direction, and on which a printed circuit board is seated; a plurality of fixed X-frames, a plurality pairs of Y-frames installed with respect to the X-frames, each of Y-frames being formed in a stripe shape; head units installed at predetermined places of the Y-frames; a plurality of vision units installed at predetermined places with a predetermined spacing between the X-frame and the vision unit.

An advantage is provided by the surface mounting apparatus according to the present invention in that a plurality of Y-frames, each being in a strip shape, are provided to hold lots of components at a time, and after confirming them by the vision unit, the plural components are mounted on the PCB.

FIG. 3

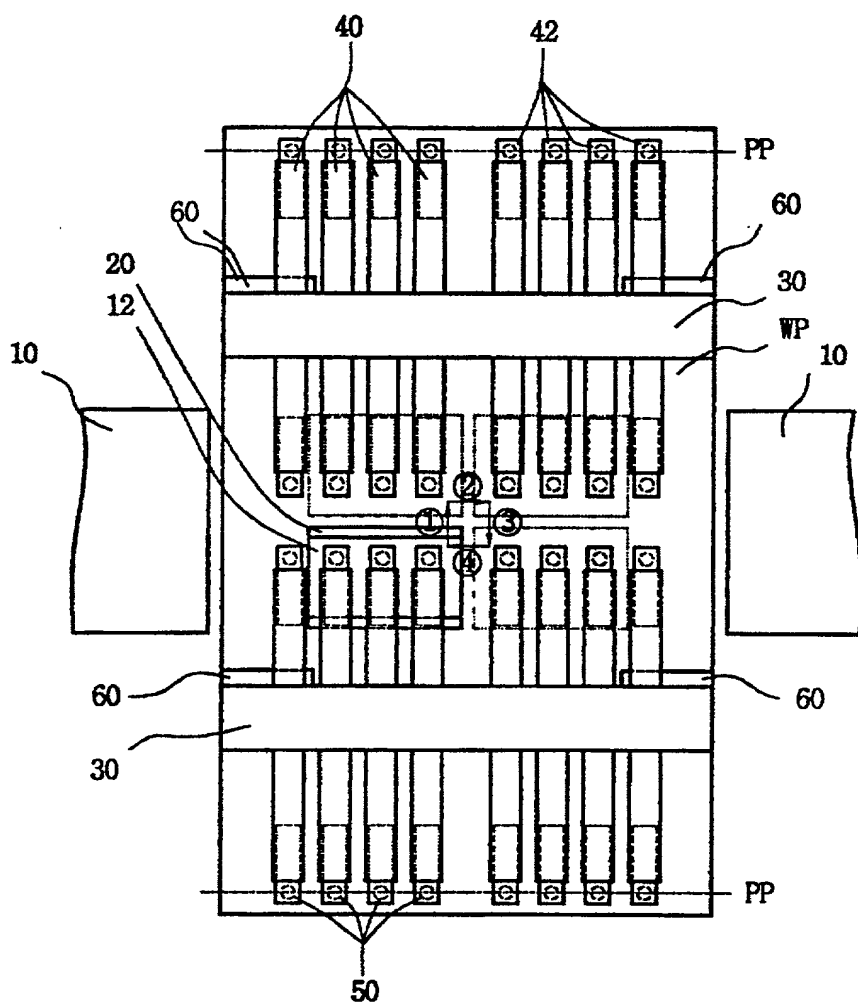


FIG. 4

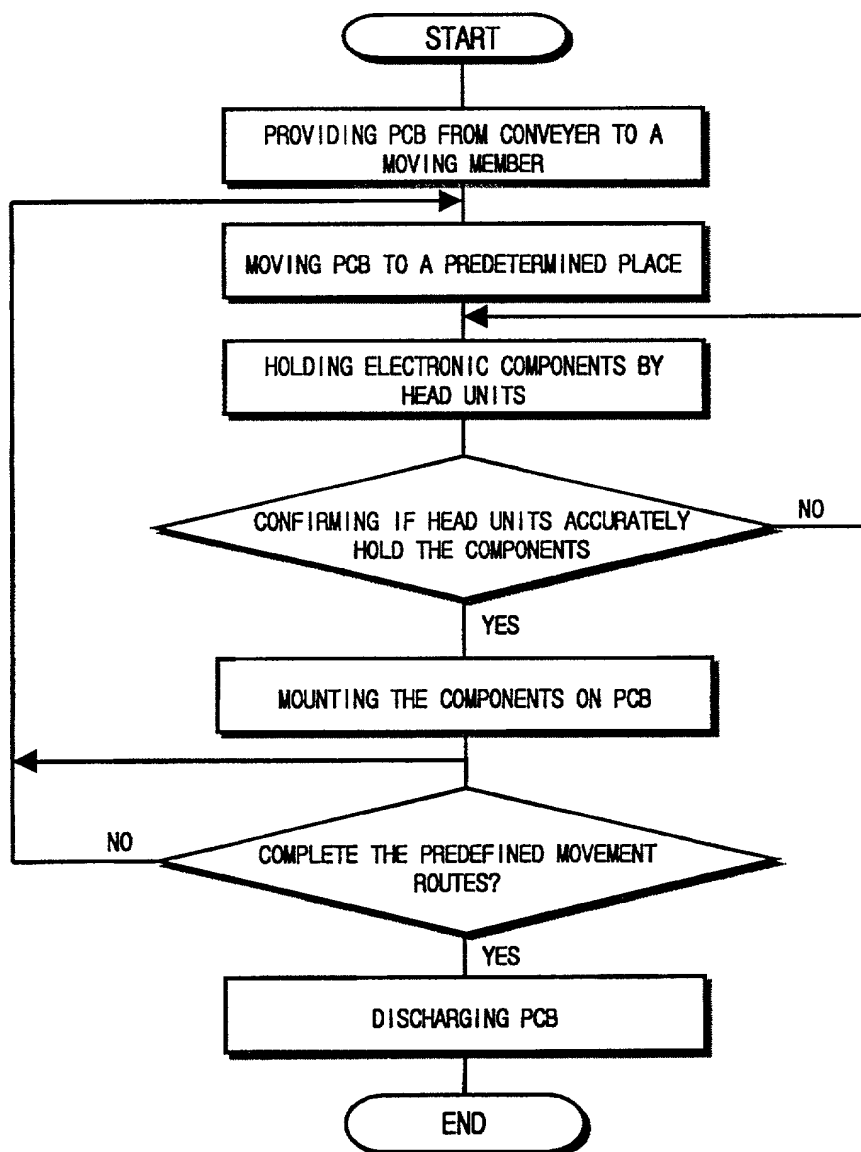


FIG. 5

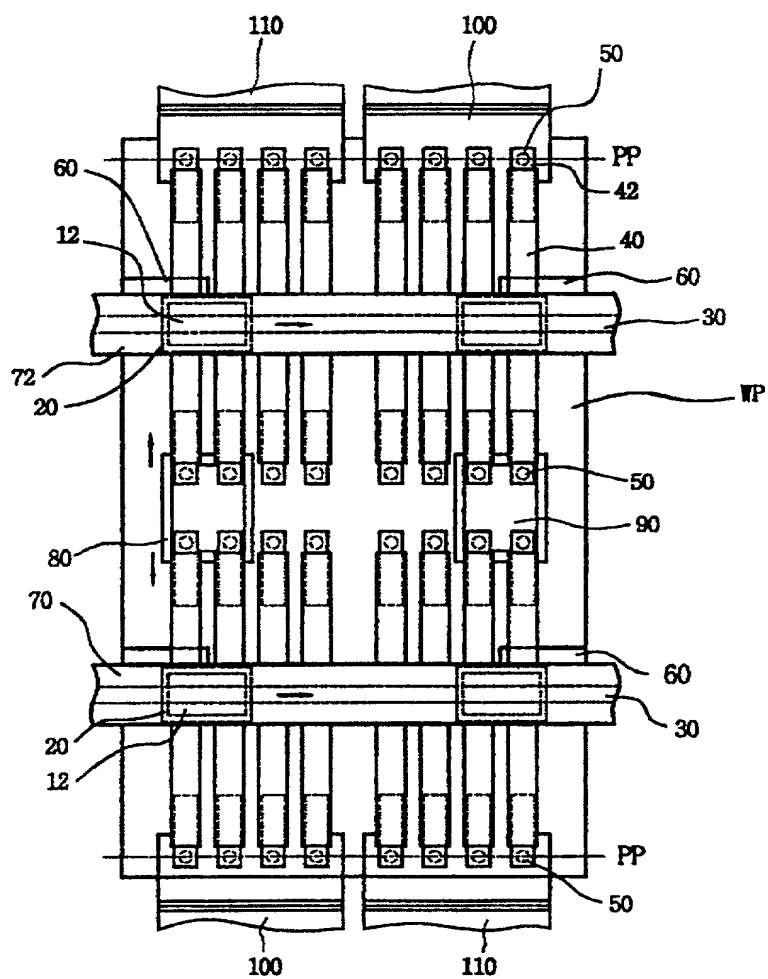


FIG. 6a

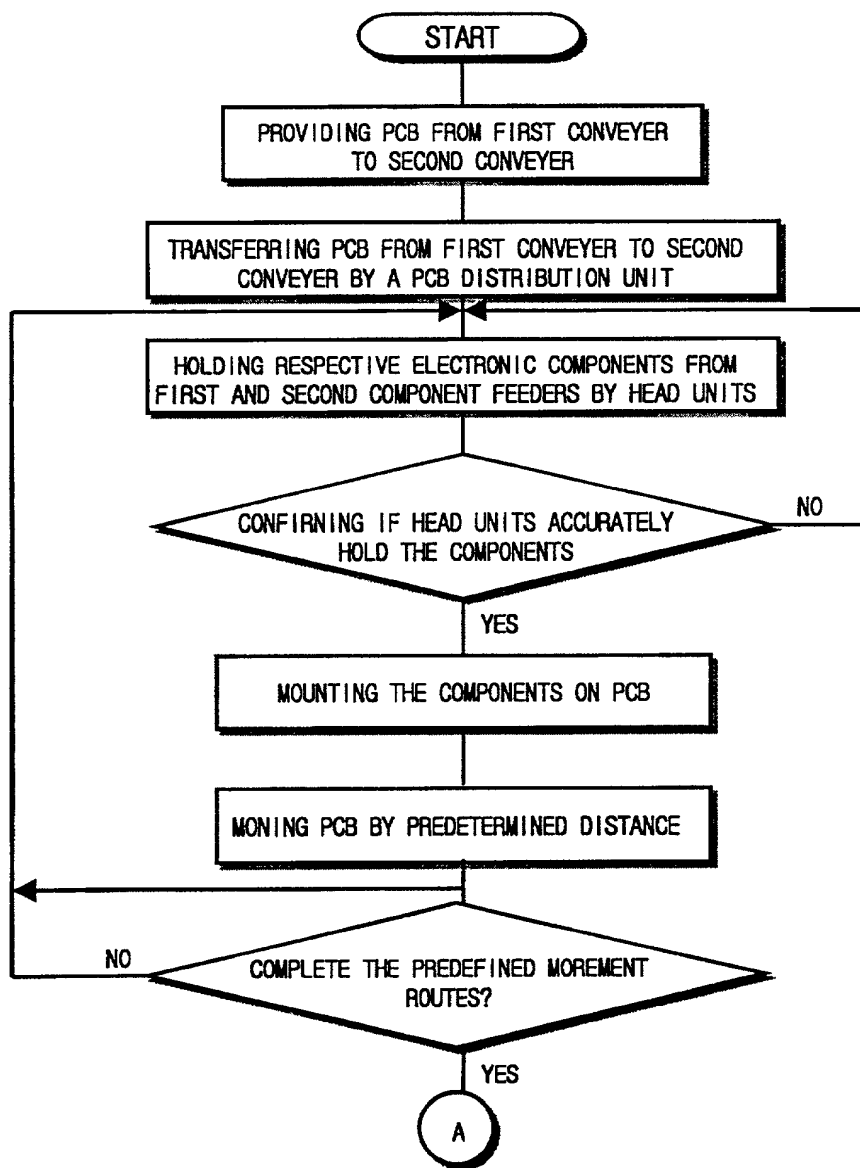
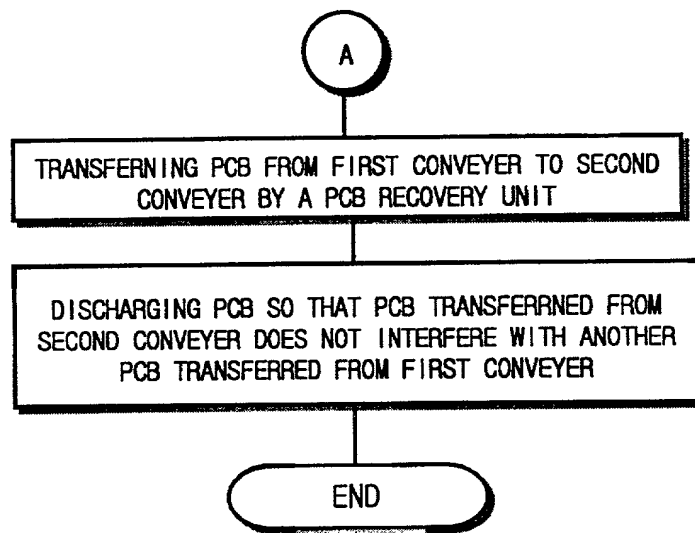


FIG. 6b



Docket No.:

DECLARATION AND POWER OF ATTORNEY

As a below named inventor, I hereby declare that:

My residence, post office and citizenship are as stated below next to my name,

I believe I am the original, first and sole inventor (if only one name is listed below) or an original, first and joint inventor (if plural names are listed below) of the subject matter claimed and for which a patent is sought on the invention entitled A SURFACE MOUNTING APPARATUS AND A SURFACE MOUNTING METHOD, the specification of which

☒ is attached hereto.

☐ was filed on _____ as Application Serial No. _____ and was amended on (if applicable).

I hereby state that I have reviewed and understand the contents of the above identified specification, including the claims, as amended by any amendment referred to above.

I acknowledge the duty to disclose information which is known to me to be material to patentability in accordance with Title 37, Code of Federal Regulations, Section 1.56.

I hereby claim foreign priority benefits under Title 35, United States Code, Section 119 of any foreign application(s) for patent or inventor's certificate listed below and have also identified below any foreign application for patent or inventor's certificate having a filing date before that of the application on which priority is claimed:

Prior Foreign Applications(s):

Number	Country	Day/Month/Year filed	Priority Claimed
1999-36866	KR	1 September 1999	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>
			<input type="checkbox"/>
			<input type="checkbox"/>

I hereby claim the benefit under 35 USC §119(e) of any United States provisional application(s) listed below.

Prior Provisional Application(s):

Application Number	Filing Date
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I hereby claim the benefit under Title 35, United States Code, Section 120 of any United States application(s) listed below and, insofar as the subject matter of each of the claims of this application is not disclosed in the prior United States application in the manner provided by the first paragraph of Title 35, United States Code, Section 112, I acknowledge the duty to disclose material information as defined in Title 37, Code of Federal Regulations, Section 1.56 which occurred between the filing date of the prior application and the national or PCT international filing date of this application:

Prior U.S. Application(s):

Serial No.	Filing Date	Status: Patented, Pending, Abandoned
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I hereby declare that all statements made herein of my own knowledge are true and that all statements made on information and belief are believed to be true; and further that these statements were made with the knowledge that willful false statements and the like so made are punishable by fine or imprisonment, or both, under Section 1001 of Title 18 of the United States Code and that such willful false statements may jeopardize the validity of the application or any patent issued thereon.

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